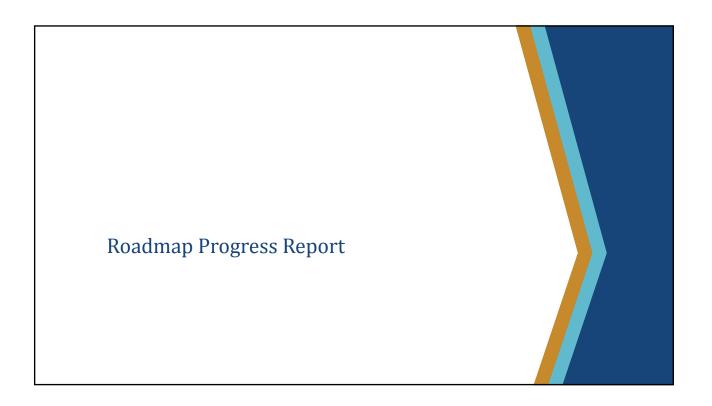
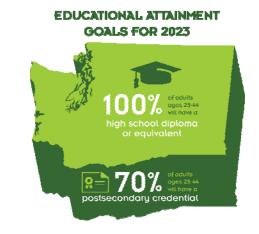


×	Topics	
	Roadmap Progress Report	
	Affordability	
	College & Career Readiness	
	Strategic Action Plan	



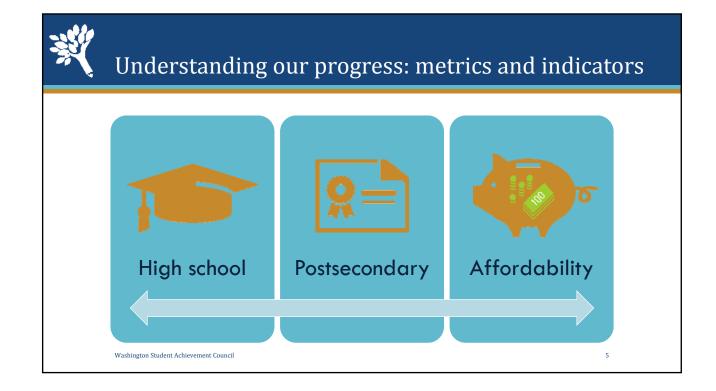
# Attainment goals essential to meet workforce needs

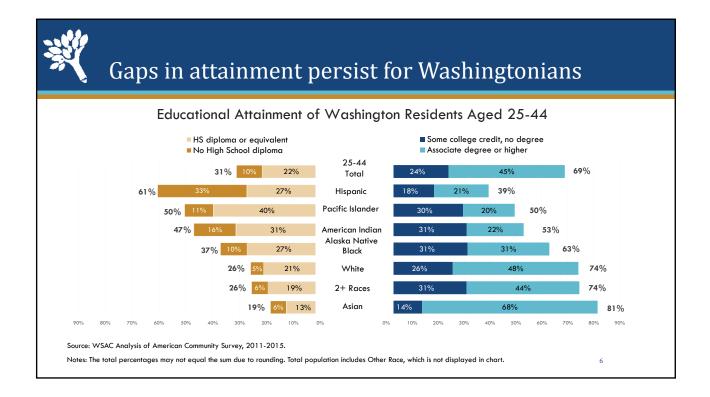


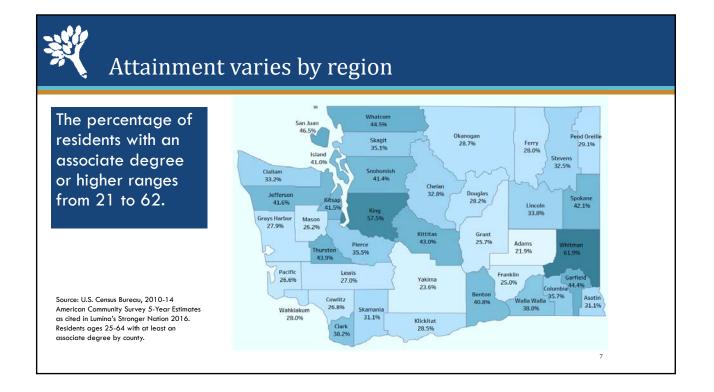
Washington Student Achievement Council

Over 70% of job openings projected for 2020–2025 will require a postsecondary credential.

4







## Progress Report shows some promising signs



Interactive dashboard with metrics to describe the state's progress toward improving educational attainment.

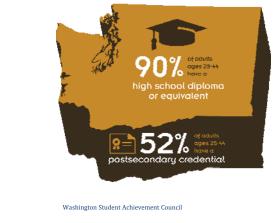
- Attainment •
- Benefits & Workforce
- High School
- Postsecondary • Opportunities
- Completions
- Affordability
- Funding
- Equity •
- Resources •

# WASHINGTON STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT COUNCIL



## Incremental changes yield insufficient progress

#### 2017 PROGRESS REPORT ON EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT GOALS



The state will not meet its goals without substantial investment and shifts in policies to increase attainment.

# Roadmap Progress Report Findings

Washington won't be able to meet workforce demands by 2023 unless we increase the rate of growth in high school attainment as well as postsecondary enrollment and completion.

Some gains in high school graduation rates for underserved students.

Total postsecondary enrollment declined.

Postsecondary completion increased slightly.

Washington Student Achievement Council

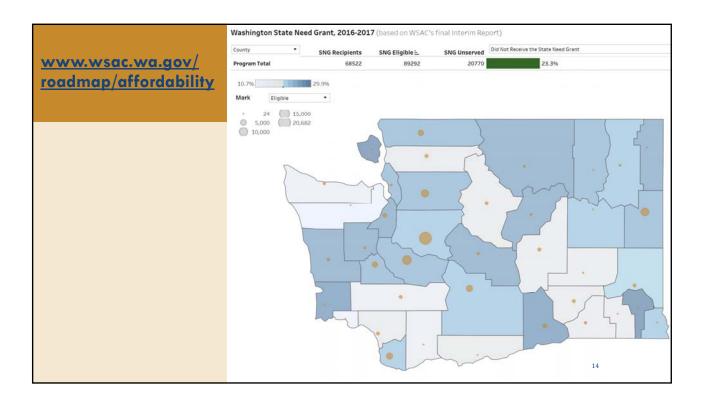
10

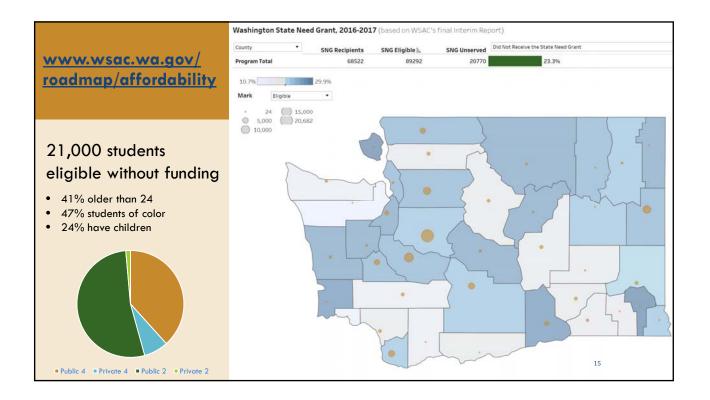
9



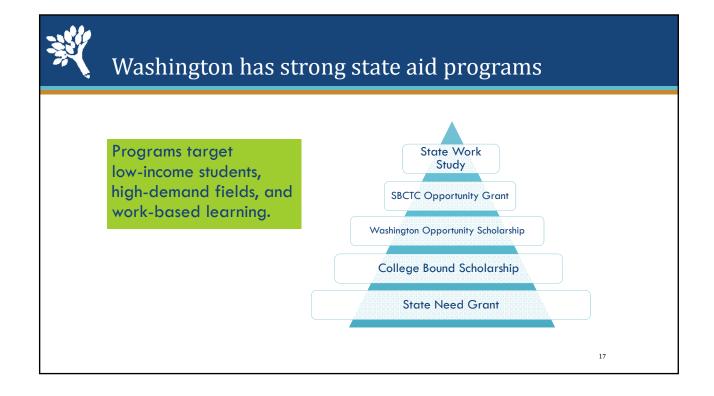


#### State Need Grant Service Levels **State Need Grant Service Levels** 2016-17 68,500 20,800 2015-16 68,600 24 400 2014-15 71,100 2013-14 70,100 31,000 2012-13 74,000 31,000 2011-12 74,700 28.800 2010-11 72,300 22 000 2009-10 72,500 5,500 0 20,000 40,000 60,000 80,000 100,000 SNG Served SNG Unserved Source: Washington Student Achievement Council administrative datasets.





(	State Need Grant leads to improved student outcomes
	Receipt of State Need Grant is associated with higher re-enrollment and completion rates.
	<ul> <li>A 25% change in the SNG award amount results in a 4 to 8 percentage point change in completion rates for the lowest income students.</li> <li>(WSIPP Study: Bania, N., Burley, M., &amp; Pennucci, A., 2013)</li> </ul>
	State Need Grant leads to higher retention in Community and Technical Colleges
	<ul> <li>71% of SNG students who start in the fall remain enrolled compared to 59% of unserved students. (SBCTC, 2013)</li> </ul>



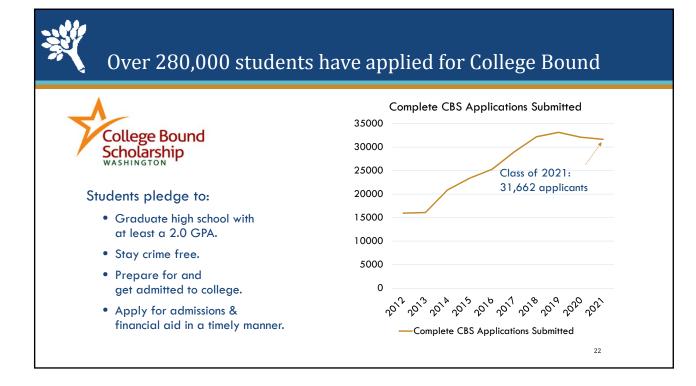
Grant programs	serve	different students
diant programs	JUIVE	unici chi students

		e Need Frant		ge Bound blarship		WA oortunity olarship	Орр	BCTC ortunity Ərant
Number Students	68,500		16,000		3,000		4,600	
% Two-Year	58%		43%		14%		100%	
% Four-Year	42%		57%		86%		0%	
% Younger than 24	59%		99%		97%		20%	
% Dependent & Avg. Income	46%	\$29,200	91%	\$30,000	94%	\$53,000	10%	\$23,000
% Independent & Avg. Income	54%	\$16,000	9%	\$9,000	6%	\$15,400	90%	\$13,400
Students of Color	47%		64%		58%		49%	
Have Children	24%		3%		1%		49%	
Note: State aid student profile, 201	6-17. U	nit Record R	eport.					

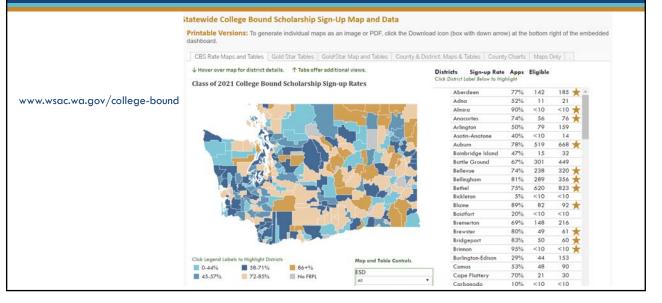








# Sign-up Data by School, District, County



## College Bound students graduate at higher rates

